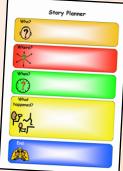
Spoken sentences and narrative

Developing narrative skills with story planners

Activities and strategies to try:

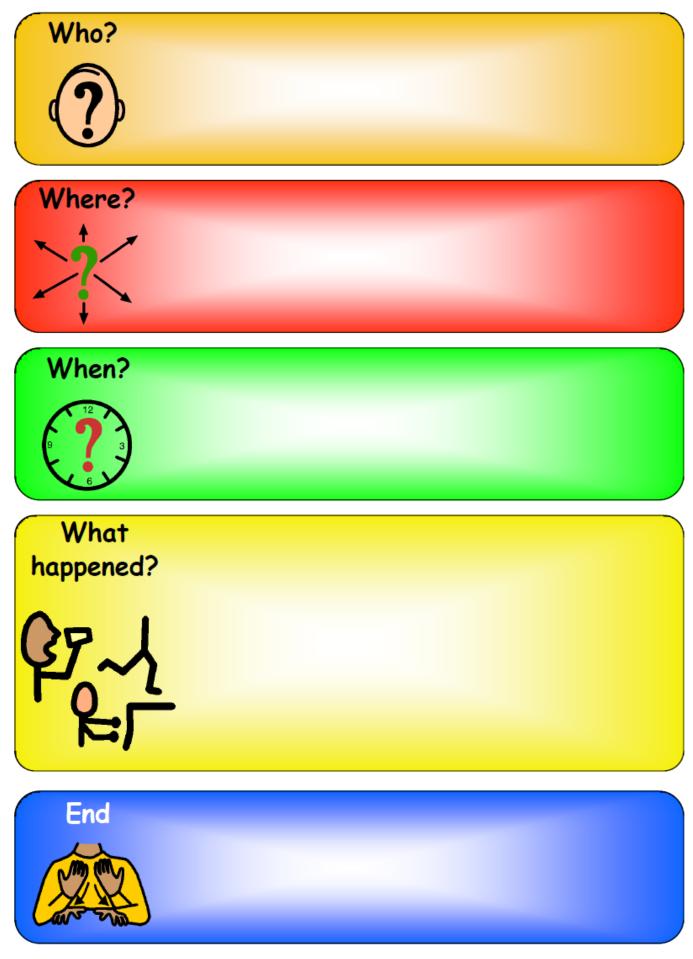
- Read a familiar story together or talk about a special occasion. It is important to use visual support to prompt the child when thinking of ideas.
- When the child has finished their story, ask questions making reference to the story planner (see next page). If the child struggles to think of ideas, then give hints and suggestions. If the child still struggles, give a choice of answers and see if the child can identify the correct one. Check that the child understands the meaning of questions like 'who?' and 'when?'



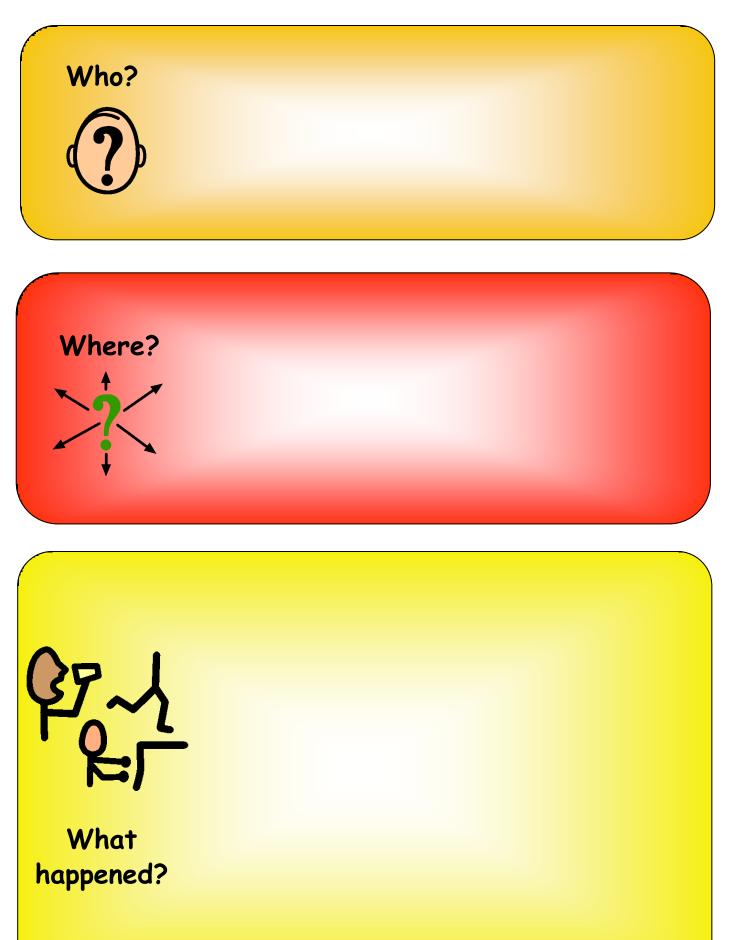
- As the child gives you information about each part of the story, encourage them to add this information to the story planner – the child can do this using drawings or writing 1-2 key words. At this stage, the focus is on getting their ideas down on paper.
- When the child has completed each part of the story-grid, encourage him/ her to re-tell the story or event, initially using one word/phrase/sentences about each box in the grid. The sentences can be written on the story planner or a separate sheet of paper.
- The focus is on the child's spoken narrative skills, rather than their writing skills, so it's is OK for the adult to scribe the child's answers in order to keep the focus on speaking.
- The amount of information required can be gradually increased. For example, two sentences in each box of the grid.
- It's OK to revisit the same story in order to develop the richness and detail of the child's narrative. You can model the use of connectives (e.g. 'but then...' 'next...') to encourage connections between different parts of the narrative.

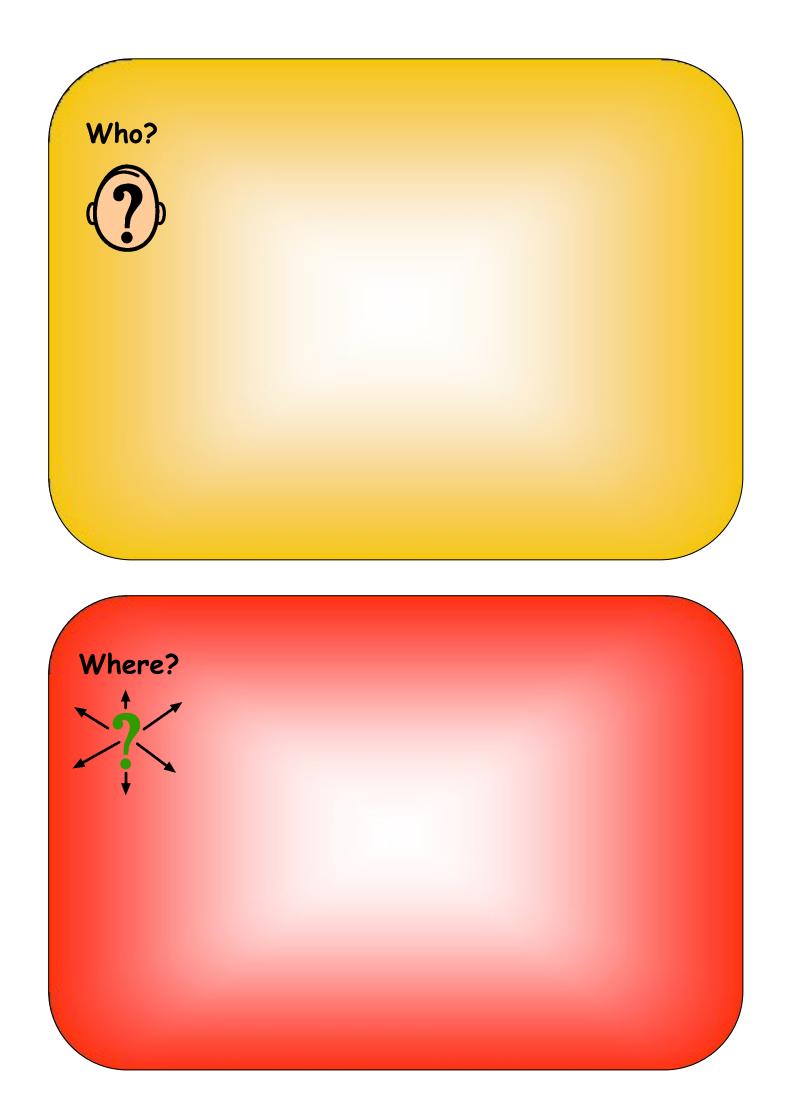
Measuring progress: Length of spoken narratives - use of connectives - use of connectives like 'then' 'next' 'because' etc. - use of storytelling language like 'once upon a time...'

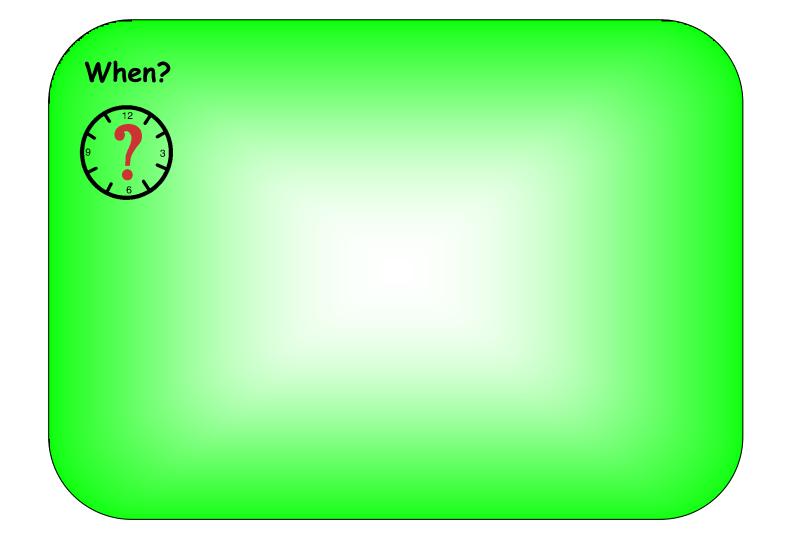
Story Planner



Story Planner (simplified)







What happened?

